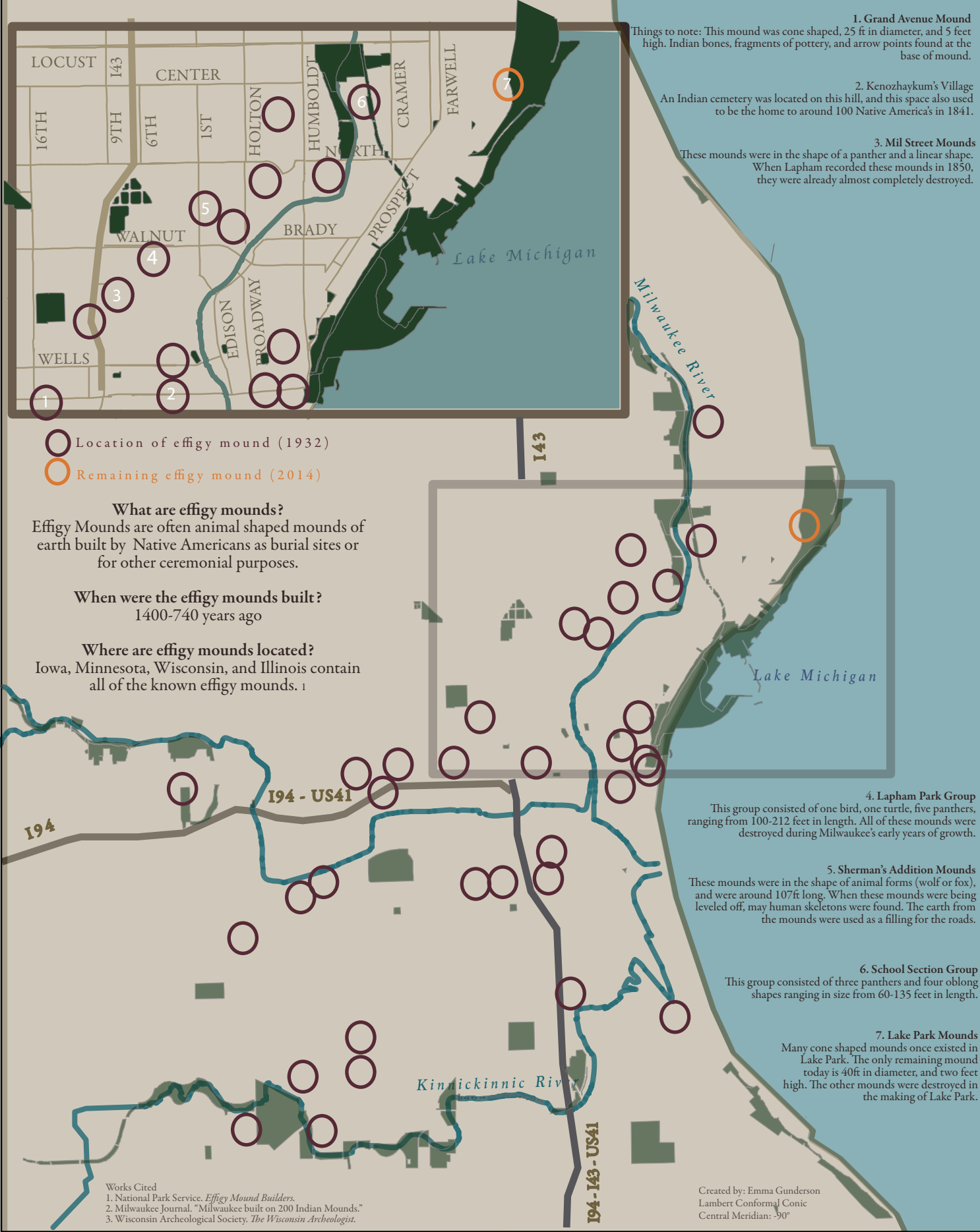


# Effigy Mounds of Milwaukee



**1. Grand Avenue Mound**  
 Things to note: This mound was cone shaped, 25 ft in diameter, and 5 feet high. Indian bones, fragments of pottery, and arrow points found at the base of mound.

**2. Kenozhaykum's Village**  
 An Indian cemetery was located on this hill, and this space also used to be the home to around 100 Native America's in 1841.

**3. Mil Street Mounds**  
 These mounds were in the shape of a panther and a linear shape. When Lapham recorded these mounds in 1850, they were already almost completely destroyed.

- Location of effigy mound (1932)
- Remaining effigy mound (2014)

**What are effigy mounds?**  
 Effigy Mounds are often animal shaped mounds of earth built by Native Americans as burial sites or for other ceremonial purposes.

**When were the effigy mounds built?**  
 1400-740 years ago

**Where are effigy mounds located?**  
 Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Illinois contain all of the known effigy mounds. <sup>1</sup>

**4. Lapham Park Group**  
 This group consisted of one bird, one turtle, five panthers, ranging from 100-212 feet in length. All of these mounds were destroyed during Milwaukee's early years of growth.

**5. Sherman's Addition Mounds**  
 These mounds were in the shape of animal forms (wolf or fox), and were around 107ft long. When these mounds were being leveled off, many human skeletons were found. The earth from the mounds were used as a filling for the roads.

**6. School Section Group**  
 This group consisted of three panthers and four oblong shapes ranging in size from 60-135 feet in length.

**7. Lake Park Mounds**  
 Many cone shaped mounds once existed in Lake Park. The only remaining mound today is 40ft in diameter, and two feet high. The other mounds were destroyed in the making of Lake Park.

Works Cited  
 1. National Park Service. *Effigy Mound Builders*.  
 2. Milwaukee Journal. "Milwaukee built on 200 Indian Mounds."  
 3. Wisconsin Archeological Society. *The Wisconsin Archeologist*.