

Challenges for Map Symbol Standardization in Crisis Management

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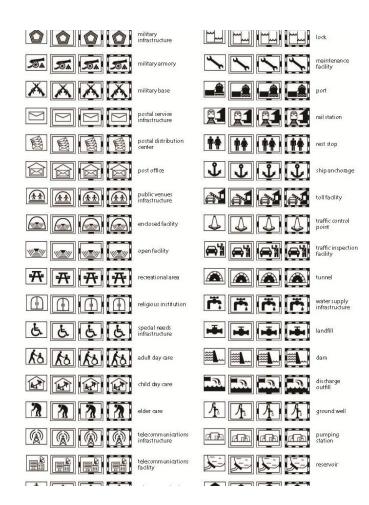




Outline

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- Motivation
- Approach
- Needs Assessment Results
- Process
- Challenges & Future Work



Motivation

- 100
- Diverse DHS organizations produce or use maps daily
 - Audiences range from geospatial analysts to general public
- No consistent set of map symbols used across DHS
- ANSI INCITS 415-2006 intended for emergency management mapping
 - Poorly adopted by practitioners
- Objective: Develop process for symbol standardization
- Sponsored by DHS S&T Directorate's Command, Control, and Interoperability (CCI) Division

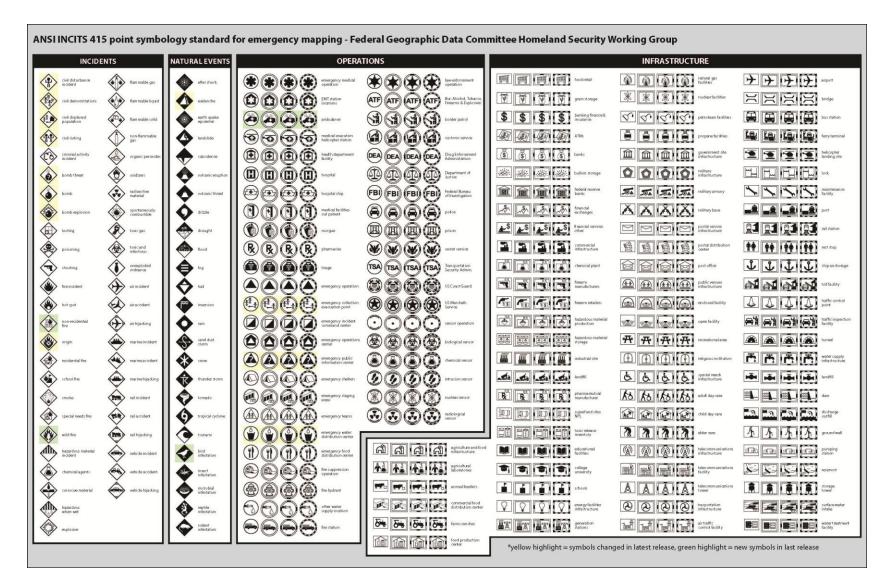
ANSI Standard

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- Point symbol set designed for emergency response
 - Goal was to facilitate common situational awareness
- Federal/state/local stakeholders took part in the process
- Symbols designed to work in black & white
 - Outline shapes used to distinguish between symbol types (incidents, natural events, operations, infrastructure)
- Evaluation conducted with first responders
 - Made use of an "accept" or "reject" methodology

ANSI Standard





Basic Approach



- Survey use of ANSI symbols and other point symbols across tasks and components within DHS
 - Interviews (narrow audience)
 - Online survey (wider audience)
- Develop a repeatable process for creation of symbol standard(s)
- Test the process on a selected domain or application area, refine tools & methods based on results

Needs Assessment



Interviews



- Conducted 14 interviews with map producers and users in various DHS missions
- Audio recordings for 10, written notes for 4
- Formative study using semi-structured format
- Question foci:
 - ANSI Standard
 - Critical Incidents Related to Symbology
 - Technical / Organizational Challenges
 - Map Examples Provided by Participants
 - Ideas for New Symbol Standard Process

Results: ANSI Standard



- Standard not used by most participants
 - Only FEMA / IICD use a small subset of the symbols (nobody using the complete set)
- Lack of use is not related to technical constraints
 - Minor problems using fonts, etc... seen as easy to fix
- Key reason is poor match to missions/information customers
 - Participants only use the symbols from the set that could be considered in common use (hospital "H", airport, etc...)

Results: ANSI Standard



- Many of the symbols are too intricate and difficult to parse without explanation
 - Especially symbols that attempt to mix together information from a type of event happening to a type of infrastructure
 - One participant suggested it's easier to simply put two symbols next to each other to indicate the type of feature and its current condition
- The ANSI symbols do not scale well beyond local situations
- Participants assume ANSI symbols should work for local responders

Results: Key Design Issues

- Some label every symbol put on maps by default, adding to clutter issues
- Some are applying different meanings apart from the standard
- Outline set (damage levels) does not match all mission types, and few data sources provide such details
- Different groups assign common colors (red, green, etc...)
 to conditions that do not match the ANSI standard
- No participants are required to design for b/w

Map Example Feedback



- Many maps are thematic / analytical in nature and symbols must co-exist with a range of additional data
- Web mapping tools are becoming more important than printed matter
 - Systems include iCAV, DHS Earth, eGIS, HSIN
- Few participants can provide examples of instances in which they needed to transform output media substantially (e.g., to a phone)

Symbology Development Process

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- Key issues are organizational, not technical
 - Must involve all groups that generate and use maps in the process of developing symbols templates
 - Need mandates for standard creation and application
 - Need training materials to disseminate standards
- A single common symbol set is judged to be reasonable for only a small subset of features
 - E.g., for basic infrastructure that everyone must show
- Participants suggest that divisions should develop their own standards and share with others

A New Standardization Process



Standardization Process



- Distributed, web-based activities through a customized Drupal site
- Phase 1: Needs Assessment
 - Review current symbology, identify new symbol needs, problems with current symbols
- Phase 2: Initial Standard Development
 - Develop symbol categories, vote on changes to current symbology
- Phase 3: Standard Refinement
 - Discuss, refine & vote on final categories
- Phase 4: Implementation & Quality Control
 - Test new symbology in exercise, submit standard for graphical refinement by cartographers
- Methods feature
 - Round-based discussion & voting (modified Delphi)
 - Card-sorting activities (using websort.com)
 - Anonymized participation

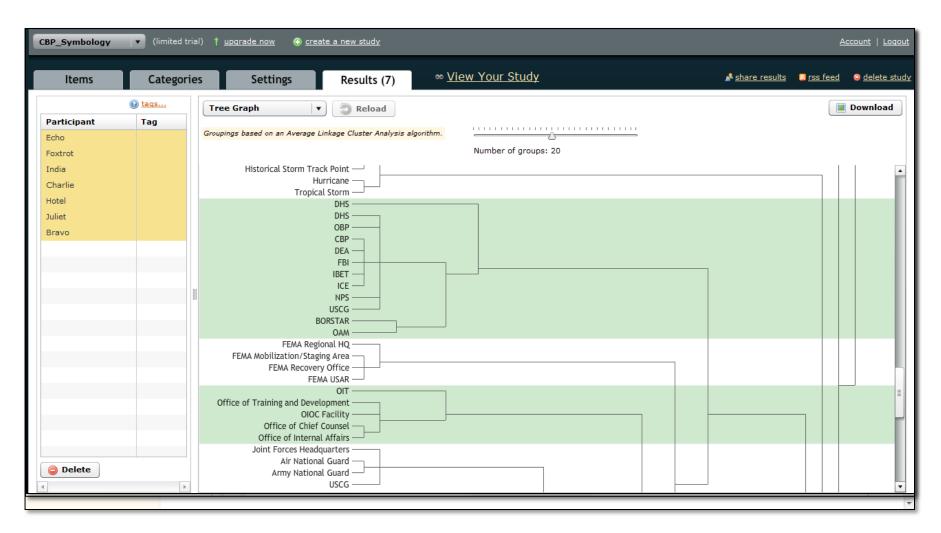
Process Testing

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- 7 participants from Customs & Border Patrol
- All are part of the CBP GIS/Mapping unit
- Testing from mid-February to early March
- Each round designed to last approximately 1 week in duration
- Activities moderated by Justine Blanford and Robert Roth

Process Testing





Preliminary Results

- Participants identified 56 symbol issues
 - new symbols, duplicate symbols, symbol definitions, symbol designs
- Multiple rounds of card sorting resulted in a sixcategory standard
 - this activity required more effort than identifying and fixing other symbol issues
- Participant feedback survey results are positive
 - usefulness, time commitment, methods, etc...
- Implementation/testing is the next step

Challenges & Opportunities

Challenges & Opportunities

- 100
- Symbols must support a wide range of mission needs beyond basic emergency response
- Symbols must support wide range of output formats and map scales
- Symbols must be as simple as possible to avoid interpretation issues
 - Able to be hand drawn?
- The process of standardization must involve mapmakers and map users

Challenges & Opportunities

- 10
- Symbol categories can be as important as the symbols themselves
- The ability to see a map from one's preferred perspective is important during an emergency
- De facto symbol standards can be used to shape development of new formal standards
- Organizational structures must be implemented to foster the development and use of symbol standards

Future Work



- Complete process with another group
 - Operational Center, FEMA
- Create an on-line Symbol Store
 - Place for users to upload, share, search, and download new symbology
 - Will also allow us to identify symbols in common across DHS mission areas
- Determine ways to integrate symbol standards with Virtual USA effort
 - Including a focus on dynamic symbol design

Thanks for your attention!

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